

***Annual Drinking Water Quality Report for 2021
Sheppard's Creek Mobile Home Park
3934 Wyncoop Creek Road
Van Etten, NY 14889
Public Water Supply ID# NY0722646***

To comply with State regulations, Sheppards Creek Mobile Home Park will be annually issuing a report describing the quality of your drinking water. The purpose of this report is to raise your understanding of drinking water and awareness of the need to protect our drinking water sources. This report provides an overview of last year's water quality. Included are details about where your water comes from, what it contains, and how it compares to State standards. Last year, your tap water met all State drinking water health standards.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your drinking water, please contact Joseph Moraczewski, owner, at (607) 589-6589 or the Chemung County Health Department at (607) 737-2019.

Where does our water come from?

In general, the sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activities. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: microbial contaminants; inorganic contaminants; pesticides and herbicides; organic chemical contaminants; and radioactive contaminants. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, the State and the EPA prescribe regulations, which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The State Health Department's and the FDA's regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Our water source is groundwater obtained from our well, which is 69 feet deep and located in the park. The water is disinfected with chlorine prior to distribution to your home. Our water system serves about 70 people through 24 service connections. During 2021, our well supplied sufficient water to meet our needs.

Source Water Assessment:

The NYS DOH has completed a source water assessment for this system, based on available information. Possible and actual threats to this drinking water source were evaluated. The state source water assessment includes a susceptibility rating based on the risk posed by each potential source of contamination and how easily contaminants can move through the subsurface to the wells. The susceptibility rating is an estimate of the potential for contamination of the source water, it does not mean that the water delivered to consumers is, or will become contaminated. See section “Are there contaminants in our drinking water?” for a list of the contaminants that have been detected. The source water assessments provide resource managers with additional information for protecting source waters into the future. Water suppliers and county and state health departments will use this information to direct future source water protection activities. These may include water quality monitoring, resource management, planning, and education programs.

As mentioned before, our water is derived from 1 drilled well. The source water assessment has rated this well as having a high to very-high susceptibility to microbials, nitrates, metals, industrial solvents and other industrial contaminants. These ratings are due primarily to the close proximity of a permitted discharge facility (industrial/commercial facilities that discharge wastewater into the environment and are regulated by the state and/or federal government); transportation route(s) and low intensity residential use in relation to the well. In addition, the well draws from an unconfined aquifer of unknown hydraulic conductivity that does not provide protection from potential contamination. Please note that, while the source water assessment rates our well as being susceptible to microbials, our water is disinfected to ensure that the finished water delivered into your home meets the New York State drinking water standards for microbial contamination.

A copy of this assessment, including a map of the assessment area, can be obtained by contacting us.

Are there contaminants in our drinking water?

As the State regulations require, we routinely test your drinking water for numerous contaminants. These contaminants include: total coliform, turbidity, inorganic compounds, nitrate, nitrite, lead and copper, volatile organic compounds, total trihalomethanes, and synthetic organic compounds. The table presented below depicts which compounds were detected in your drinking water. The State allows us to test for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of our data, though representative, are more than one year old.

It should be noted that all drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800-426-4791) or the Chemung County Health Department at (607) 737-2019.

Table of Detected Contaminants in 2021 (or most recent test)

Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Sampled	Level Detected	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	N	03/2017	0.40	mg/L	2	2	Erosion of natural deposits
Free Chlorine	N	Monthly	Average 1.0 Range: 0.8 – 3	mg/L	4	4	Disinfectant added to destroy harmful germs
Copper 5 samples at Customer Taps Note 1	N	09/2020	90 th = 0.007 Range: 0.006 – 0.007	mg/L	1.3	1.3 (AL)	Corrosion of household plumbing
Lead 5 samples at Customer Taps Note 1	N	09/2020	90 th = 0.001 Range: ND – 0.001	mg/L	0	15 (AL)	Corrosion of household plumbing
Fluoride	N	03/2017	0.2	mg/L	2.2	2.2	Erosion of natural deposits
Nitrate	N	12/2021	1.2	mg/L	10	10	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage.
Iron	N	06/2019	62	ug/L	N/A	300	Erosion of natural deposits
Sodium	N	06/2019	138	mg/L	N/A	Note 2	Erosion of natural deposits, use of road salt.
Total Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	N	08/2019	7.0	ug/L	N/A	60	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	N	08/2019	5.2	ug/L	N/A	80	

Note 1: The 90th Percentile means the average of the highest 2 of the 5 samples. In the 2020 test round, none of the samples exceeded the State’s (AL) action level for Copper or Lead.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women, infants, and young children. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home’s plumbing. Sheppard’s Creek MHP is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4791) or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Note 2: Water containing more than 20 mg/l of sodium should not be used for drinking by people on severely restricted sodium diets. Water containing more than 270 mg/l of sodium should not be used for drinking by people on moderately restricted sodium diets.

Definitions used in the table:

- **Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL):** The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible.
- **Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG):** The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- **Milligrams per liter (mg/l):** Corresponds to one part of liquid in one million parts of liquid (parts per million - ppm).
- **Micrograms per liter (ug/l):** Corresponds to one part of liquid in one billion parts of liquid (parts per billion - ppb).
- **Action Level (AL):** The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment, or other requirements, which a water system must follow.
- **Not Applicable (N/A)**
- **Not Detected (ND):** Laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

What does this information mean?

- As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We have learned through our testing that some contaminants have been detected in our treated water; however, these contaminants were detected below the level allowed by the State.

Is our water system meeting other rules that govern operations?

- During 2021, our system was in compliance with applicable State drinking water operating, monitoring and reporting requirements.

Do I Need to Take Special Precautions?

- Some people may be more vulnerable to disease causing microorganisms or pathogens in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care provider about their drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium, Giardia and other microbial pathogens are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline @ (800-426-4791).

Again, if you have any questions about this report or your water quality, please feel free to contact me.

Sincerely,

Joe Moraczewski
Owner